



The Boxer-Klub e.V., based in Munich, was founded in 1895, making it one of the oldest pedigree dog breeding clubs in Germany. With over 8,000 members in 16 regional groups and approx. 200 local groups, it is the largest pedigree dog breeding club for German Boxers in the Verband für das Deutsche Hundewesen, VDH e.V. (German Kennel Club, FCI affiliated) and worldwide. The main tasks of the Boxer Club are to preserve and promote the Boxer both in terms of appearance and character as a family, sport and working dog. Special attention is always paid to the health of the breed. In the approx. 200 local groups, which maintain their own training centres, Boxer owners can find the necessary support in their area in matters of breeding, rearing and keeping as well as dog sports opportunities. The local groups also organise breeding and working trials as well as dog shows.

An annual winners' show, the German Youth Championships, the German IGP and IFH Championships take place every year. Germany is the standard-setting country for the German Boxer.

Short historical overview:

<p>1895</p>		<p>The Boxer-Klub München is founded, initiators: Friedrich Roberth, Elard König, Rudolf Hoepner First show for German boxers in Munich</p>
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1904



The first issue of the club magazine << Die Boxer-Blätter>> is published. Later, the <<Boxer-Blätter>> became the official organ of the Boxer Club Association

1914



The declaration of war in the summer of 1914 hit like a bombshell and many plans and hopes of Boxer lovers were dashed. A serious time began for the breed. At the beginning of winter 1914, shortly after the invasion of Belgium by German troops, the commander of a battalion wrote to an officer in Munich that numerous patrols had been murdered behind the front line without the perpetrators having been caught. He went on to say: "If we had some good dogs that could alert a patrol to the hidden riff-raff and, in an emergency, would also go after these guys, we would be helped." The Munich officer turned to the Boxer Club, as the Boxer seemed to him to be the most suitable dog for this purpose. On the same day, six more Boxers travelled by car to Belgium and in a short time the Munich regional group of the BK brought together 60 suitable dogs, which they equipped with collars and leads and made available to the army administration free of charge.

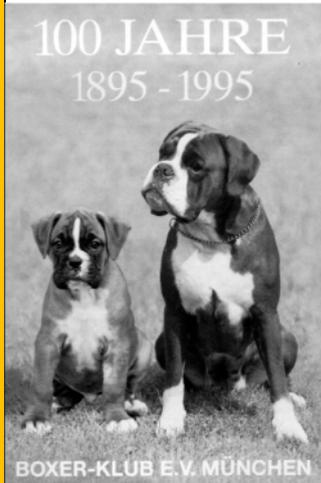
1921



The Munich group members, Mr A. Schmöger, Mr L. Hopfensberger and Mr A. Zierwas, successfully passed a police dog test with their Boxers before a committee led by the German shepherd dog expert, Mr Rittm. v. Stephanitz, which formed the basis for the later recognition of the Boxer as a working dog. With the recognition of the Boxer as a working dog on 22 September 1924, the club achieved a long-awaited goal.

<p>1933</p>	 <p>64 boxers were presented at the annual winners' show. It will be a triumph for the kennel „vom Dom“ and Friederun Stockmann. She presented three class winners with "Sigurd v. Dom" among the yellow males, "Zero v. Dom" among the brindle males and "Zeila v. Dom" among the brindle females. In 1937 the two outstanding sires "Sigurd and Lustig vom Dom" left Germany and were sold to America.</p>
<p>1943</p>	<p>The "BB" ceased publication in March 1943. The final years of the war, with their heavy air raids on the German population and the proclamation of total war, forced breeders to severely restrict their activities. The destruction and devastation of the cities, combined with the evacuation of the population, made it impossible to organise events. With the occupation of Germany by the victorious powers in 1945, all organisations supervised by the NSDAP were dissolved, including the dog's associations. After a brief period of stagnation, the men who had lost their hearts to the dog's sports resumed contact with each other in a divided and zoned Germany. The organisation was renamed "Boxer-Klub E.V., based in Munich".</p>
<p>1950</p>	<p>At the international meeting of judges and representatives of the Western European Boxer clubs in Strasbourg on 20-22 May 1950, the Boxer-Klub was represented by Mr Helbig. The meeting founded an international Boxer association, ATIBOX, which recognised the German Boxer standard with the exception of England, Norway and Sweden, where docking is prohibited. Mr Batot, France, was appointed chairman of this association.</p>
<p>1956</p>	 <p>The Boxer-Klub acquires a house in Munich, Veldenerstrasse. The inauguration took place on January 17, 1959. The office of BK is still located here today.</p>
<p>1977</p>	<p>The 150,000th puppy is entered in the breeding book.</p>
<p>1989</p>	<p>From 1989 onwards, only Boxer with undocked tails will be entered in the studbook, and from 1990 onwards, the show ban in Germany follows.</p>
<p>1990</p>	<p>With the reunification of East and West Germany, the boxer friends from East and West also reunited in the boxer club.</p>

1995



The celebrations start in February in Hagen with a meeting of the club's supporters with the board, the delegates, the show- and working-judges and several guests of honor.

Lectures on boxer health, especially heart disease, are the focus. On the day before the ATIBOX breeding show, which takes place in Garching near Munich in May, the BK welcomes boxer friends from all over the world. 418 boxers, 6 breeding groups and 8 offspring groups from 22 countries are registered at the show.

The 28th Annual Winners Show is held at the same location in September, 336 entries, 3 breeding groups from 15 countries.

2015



The BK looks back on 120 years of club history. The highlight of the 2015 anniversary took place on May 30th/31st, 2015 in Gelsenkirchen. The BK welcomes boxer friends from all over the world to the ATIBOX World Show. The organization has been taken over by the regional group „Rhein-Ruhr“. These and numerous helpers did an excellent job under the leadership of Beate Spelsberg and Stefan Michel under the motto: "Die Welt zu Gast im Ruhrgebiet". The conditions were perfect. Almost 700 boxers were registered and 645 boxers were

finally presented. They came from all over Europe and, to name those with the furthest journeys, from the USA and Madagascar. It was also an honor for the BK to welcome guests from Australia, Japan and South Africa.



<p>2020</p>	<p>125 years of Boxer-Klub München e.V. After leaving ATIBOX on December 31, 2019, the Association Francais du Boxer (France), Boxer Club Carpatia (Romania), Boxer – Klubben (Denmark), Boxer Club (Italia), Boxer-Klub e.V. (Germany), Internationaler Boxer Club e.V. (Germany), Latvian Boxer Club (Latvia), Austrian Boxer Klub (Austria) and the – Swiss Boxer Club (Switzerland) on February 8, 2020 meet in Frankfurt for the inaugural meeting of the World Union of Boxers (WUBOX). Fabrizio Censi (Italy) is elected as the first President of WUBOX.</p>  <p>A dark shadow is looming over the anniversary year of 2020: from March onwards, the corona pandemic will become the dominant topic in the world. Due to the infection protection measures (event bans, curfews, travel restrictions), all cynological life comes to a standstill. All major BK events (annual winners' exhibition / championships IGP, IFH, youth) must be canceled. Even the group exams (ZTP, IGP) and exhibitions largely have to be canceled due to the contact restrictions. Depending on the region, group events are only possible in a small time window from July to October.</p>
<p>2021</p>	 <p>The world is only slowly recovering from the Corona pandemic and normal life is slowly becoming possible again. The first major WUBOX events that can take place are the WUBOX IGP International Championship in Germany, the WUBOX Show in San Donà di Piave in Italy and the WUBOX IFH International Championships in Austria, despite Corona restrictions!</p>
<p>2022</p>	 <p>The BK hosted the 2nd WUBOX Show in Aachen (Judge: Suzanne Rochat/CH, K.Olesen-Nørklit/DK, Carsten Berndt/D, Fabrizio Censi/ISuzanne Rochat/CH (Intermediate, Open, Working, Champion, Veteran Fauwn Male)</p>